

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF:



iM3[®] HALO 4DC

FOR VETERINARY USE ONLY



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HALO 4DC

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1. GENERAL WARNINGS

These instructions explain how to correctly use the HALO 4 DC x-ray unit. Please carefully read this manual before using the device.



NOTE: This manual does not specify all the obligations and warnings for possessing a source of ionising radiation as each country has its own laws. Only the most common ones shall be mentioned and this means that it is the user's responsibility to check local standards and observe the relevant laws.

The contents of this publication are valuable trade secrets and must not be given to third parties, stored, copied, reproduced, disclosed or transferred in any manner (via computer, photocopies, translations or other means) without the prior written consent of the Manufacturer.

The Manufacturer has a company policy of continual development. Therefore, some of the instructions, specifications and figures given in this manual may slightly differ from the purchased product. The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes to this manual without giving prior notice.

The original text is in Italian; this is a translation from the original in Italian.

The Manufacturer's website contains a list of authorised agents.



NOTE: "Optional equipment/applications and their availability may vary based on the reference markets and/or model".

Authorised agent of the manufacturer in the Russian Federation:

Biomapas LLC

10 Vozdvizhenka str., floor 3, office 350, workplace 5









Moscow, 125009 – Russia

email address: cefla_ra@biomapas.com

For technical service, it is possible to contact the local distributor.

1.1. SYMBOLS

	Type of protection against direct and indirect contact: Class I. Level of protection against direct and indirect contact: TYPE B.
	WARNING! Failure to observe may result in equipment damage or injury to the user and/or patient.
	NOTE: Indicates information that is especially important for the user and/or assistant.
	Protective ground contact.
	Alternating current.
	On.
	Off.
	Ionising radiations.
	Equipment compliant with the requirements set out by the applied Directives

	Disposal symbol in accordance with Directive 2012/19/EU.
FCC ID	F.C.C. mark (Federal Communication Commission).
	Operating instructions. Consult the enclosed documentation before using the device.
	It is necessary to refer to the user manual.
	Pushing prohibited.
	Stepping prohibited.
 UA.TR.101	Mark of conformity with technical regulations of Ukraine.
REF - TYPE	Product/equipment identification code.
SN	Product serial number.
	Manufacturer.
	Date of manufacture.

1.2. STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

The system has been designed to meet the following Directives:

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and subsequent amendments;
- Directive 2014/53/EU of European Parliament and Council (RED) (for versions with wireless handheld only);
- Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and Council of June 8, 2011 regarding restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (ROHS 2).

Technical Standards:

IEC 60601-1:2012
IEC 60601-1-2:2014
IEC 60601-1-3:2008
IEC 60601-2-65:2012
IEC 60601-1-6:2010
IEC 62366:2015

1.3. INTENDED USE

This x-ray equipment is an equipment for veterinary use designed for x-ray diagnosis. It can be used with the traditional chemical development plates and with X-ray digital sensors.



WARNING!

- This device is intended for veterinary use only.
 - This device is not intended to be used on human beings.
 - The device is managed and used by radiologists and qualified operators in the veterinary field and by other legally qualified professionals.
-

1.4. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

The equipment is to be installed in rooms that satisfy the following requirements:

- Operating temperature from +10 to +40° C.
- Transport and storage temperature from -10 to +70° C.
- Relative humidity from 25 to 75% without condensate.
- Atmospheric pressure from 700 to 1060 hPa.
- The electrical wiring in the room in which the equipment is installed must conform to I.E.C. 60364-7-710;V2 specification (i.e. the regulations concerning the electrical wiring to be used in surgeries) or equivalent standards in force in the country where the equipment is installed.
- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS: the electrical system must be provided with an adequate grounding system that complies with regulations I.E.C. - US National Electrical Code and C.E.I.. In Italy, it must be executed in accordance with IEC 60364-7-710, which requires a differential-thermal breaker with the following characteristics upstream of the system:
 - contact capacity: 250V 10A or 120V 16A in compliance with standards IEC 60898-1 and IEC 60947-2;
 - differential sensitivity: 0.03A;
 - power supply: 3x2.5 mm².

The colour of the 3 wires should be as specified in the standards (BROWN power, BLUE neutral, YELLOW/GREEN ground).

1.5. WARRANTY

The Manufacturer stands behind its products warranting safety reliability and performance. The warranty is effective from the date of installation of the product. The product is covered for the warranty period indicated in the installation report and, in any case, not less than 12 months. The warranty is valid only under the following terms:

- Closely observe the conditions specified in the warranty certificate itself.
- The equipment is only to be used as instructed in this manual.
- Equipment installation, expansion and technical support must be performed exclusively by personnel authorised by the Manufacturer to carry out these operations.
- Do not open the device covers: installation, repairs and in general all the operations that require opening the device must be carried out exclusively by technicians authorised by the Manufacturer.
- The equipment is to be installed in rooms that follow the requirements specified in paragraph "Environmental conditions".
- The room where the x-ray unit is installed must comply with official regulations regarding protection against radiation in the country where the equipment is used.

SAFETY WARNINGS.

- If any person who is not an authorised technician changes the product in any way by replacing parts or components with other ones not used by the Manufacturer, they shall assume responsibility for the product.
- Do not forget to turn off the main switch on the equipment before leaving the surgery.
- The equipment is not protected against liquid penetration (risk of electrocution).
- The equipment is not suitable for use in the presence of a mixture of flammable anaesthetic gas with oxygen or nitrous oxide.
- This equipment must be stored properly so that it is kept in top working order at all times.
- Use in the dental surgery or nearby of electric scalpels or other electric devices that do not comply with standard I.E.C. 60601-1-2 may cause electromagnetic or other types of interferences resulting in equipment malfunctions. In these cases shut off the power supply to the equipment beforehand.
- The Manufacturer shall not be held responsible (under civil and criminal law) for misuse, carelessness or improper use of the equipment.
- The equipment must only be used by authorised and adequately trained staff.
- The user must be present at all times when the equipment is turned on or ready for start-up. In particular, never leave the equipment unattended in the presence of children/the mentally disabled or other unauthorised personnel in general.
- If the x-ray equipment is damaged or oil leaks, do not use the equipment and contact customer service immediately.



1.6. PROTECTION AGAINST RADIATIONS

PROTECTION AGAINST RADIATIONS.

X-rays are hazardous and adequate precautions must be taken when using them. Areas where it is possible to be exposed to x-rays shall be clearly indicated by using this symbol, which should remind personnel to observe the safety rules laid down by the laws in force in the country where the equipment is used.



- Control the emission of x-rays from the greatest distance possible (at least 2 meters) from the focal spot and the x-ray irradiation beam in the opposite direction to where the rays are emitted. For installations in Canada, the required distance is 3 metres.
- Only the authorised personnel can remain in the room when x-rays are being emitted.
- The device is provided with an interlock input. If the interlock is activated, it means that the door is open while the examination is in progress and the ray emission is inhibited. To proceed with the examination, close the door.
- As for the installation, please refer to the Technical Manual.
- Always protect the patient's thyroid and gonads under all circumstances.

1.7. ELECTROMAGNETIC SAFETY

The device is intended for use in environments recognised as professional health facilities, as described in **IEC 60601-1-2:2014**. The device belongs to CISPR 11 Class A Group 1 and complies with immunity test levels specified by IEC 60601-1-2:2014 for professional health facilities.

Before using any electronic device in health facilities, always check that it is compatible with the other equipment present.



Even if the device complies with standard **IEC 60601-1-2**, it is recommended not to use it near life-support equipment (e.g.: pacemakers or cardiac stimulators). For further information, see the equipment instructions for use.



Use of this equipment adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided, because it could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, this equipment and the other equipment should be observed to verify that they are operating normally.



Use of accessories, transducers and cables other than those specified or provided by the manufacturer of this equipment could result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased electromagnetic immunity of this equipment and result in improper operation.



Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the device, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result.




Do not subject the device to strong electromagnetic disturbances.
The equipment must be installed and used by authorised personnel according to the Manufacturer's instructions. If the installation requirements and Manufacturer's instructions are not respected, the correctness of X-ray parameters and the repeatability of the dose values may be affected.



The emission characteristics of this equipment make it suitable for use in industrial areas and hospitals (CISPR 11 class A). If it is used in a residential environment (for which CISPR 11 class B is normally required) this equipment might not offer adequate protection to radio-frequency communication services. The user might need to take mitigation measures, such as relocating or re-orienting the equipment.

Guidance and Manufacturer's declaration - Electromagnetic emissions		
HALO 4DC is designed to operate in the specified electromagnetic environment. The customer or the user of HALO 4DC must ensure its use in an electromagnetic environment with the following features:		
Emission test	Conformity	Electromagnetic Environment
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	HALO 4DC uses RF energy only for its internal operations For this, the RF emissions are very low and do not interfere with the electronic devices nearby.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class A	HALO 4DC must be used only by adequately trained personnel (dentists and paramedics). HALO 4DC may cause radio interferences or disturb the operation of the nearby equipment. It may be necessary to adopt countermeasures, such as re-orienting or moving HALO 4DC or shielding the installation site.





























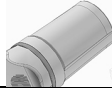






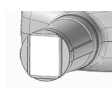






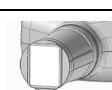






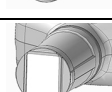






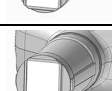






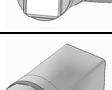






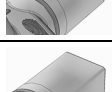






Guidance and Manufacturer's declaration - Electromagnetic immunity			
HALO 4DC is designed to operate in the specified electromagnetic environment. The customer or the user of HALO 4DC must ensure its use in an electromagnetic environment with the following features:			
Immunity test	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	Level of conformity	Electromagnetic Environment
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	± 8 kV contact ± 15 kV air	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	Floors must be made of wood, concrete or ceramic tiles. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relevant humidity should be at least 30%.
Proximity fields from RF wireless communications IEC 61000-4-3	27 V/m at 385 MHz 28 V/m at 450, 810, 870, 930, 1720, 1845, 1970, 2450 MHz 9 V/m at 710, 745, 780, 5240, 5500, 5785 MHz	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	The RF communication devices (portable and mobile) must not be used at a distance from RX DC VET and its components, including cables, lower than the recommended distance.
IEC 61000-4-4 fast/burst electric transients	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines > 3 m	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	The power supply line quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Over-voltage IEC 61000-4-5	± 1 kV differential mode ± 2 kV common mode	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	The power supply line quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage drops, short interruptions and voltage change on the IEC 61000-4- 11 input electric line	Ut = 0% (at 0° , 45° , 90° , 135° , 180° , 225° , 270° , 315°) for 0.5 cycles Ut = 0% for 1 cycle Ut = 70% (at 0°) for 25/30 cycles Ut = 0% for 250/300 cycles	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	The power supply line quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the HALO 4DC user requires a continuous operation also in case of blackout, it is recommended to power the HALO 4DC with uninterruptible power supply or batteries.
Magnetic field at network frequency (50/60 Hz) IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	The magnetic fields at network frequency should feature levels typical of a standard commercial or hospital environment.


Guidance and Manufacturer's declaration - Electromagnetic immunity			
HALO 4DC is designed to operate in the specified electromagnetic environment. The customer or user of HALO 4DC must ensure that it is used in such environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	Level of conformity	Electromagnetic Environment
			The RF communication devices (portable and mobile) must not be used at a distance from HALO 4DC and its components, including cables, lower than the recommended distance calculated using the corresponding equation applicable to the transmitter frequency. Recommended distance.
Radiated RF EN 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	$d = 1.2 \times \sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 800MHz $d = 2.3 \times \sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz at 2.7GHz
Conducted RF EN 61000-4-6	3 V 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6 V ISM frequencies	IEC 60601-1-2 Test level	$d = 1.2 \times \sqrt{P}$
			Where P is the maximum output power of the transmitter in Watt (W) according to the transmitter Manufacturer, and d is the recommended distance in metres (m). The field intensity of the fixed RF transmitters, determined based on an electromagnetic site, could be lower than the conformity level in each frequency interval. Near the equipment with the following symbol interferences can be caused: 

Recommended distance between the RF portable and mobile communication devices and HALO 4DC.			
HALO 4DC is intended for use in electromagnetic environment where RF irradiated disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of HALO 4DC can prevent electromagnetic interferences by ensuring a minimum distance between RF mobile and portable (transmitter) communication devices and HALO 4DC as shown below, according to maximum power output of the communication devices.			
Transmitter maximum nominal output (W)	Distance according to the transmitter frequency (m)		
	150 KHz to 80 MHz $d = 1.2 \times \sqrt{P}$	80 KHz to 800 MHz $d = 1.2 \times \sqrt{P}$	800KHz to 2.7MHz $d = 2.3 \times \sqrt{P}$
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.73
1	1.2	1.2	2.3
10	3.8	3.8	7.3
100	12	12	23
For transmitters having a maximum nominal output power not listed above, the recommended distance d in metres (m) can be determined using the corresponding equation applicable to the transmitter frequency where P is the maximum output power of the transmitter in Watt (W) according to the transmitter Manufacturer. Note: (1) At 80MHz and 800MHz it is necessary to apply the distance defined for the highest frequency interval. (2) These guidelines cannot be applicable to all situations. The electromagnetic propagation is influenced by the absorption and reflection of structures, objects and people.			

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE X-RAY UNIT

The x-ray unit is available in several versions, which differ in type of installation, x-ray head and handheld. It is possible to identify the different versions via the REF on the nameplate.

	Column1	Column2	Plate size	SENSORS	SENSORS	SENSORS	SENSORS	SENSORS
	X-RAY SOURCE CONFIGURATION	Beam area	SIZE 0 22x31(LxH)	SIZE 1 22x35 (LxH)	SIZE 2 31x41 (LxH)	SIZE 3 27x54 (LxH)	SIZE 4C 54x50 (LxH)	SIZE 4 only VET 57x76 (LxH)
	WITHOUT CONE (BEAM AT 200 mm)	58 (ø)						
	WITHOUT CONE (BEAM AT 200+50 mm)	72.5 (ø)						
	WITHOUT CONE (BEAM AT 300+50 mm)	101.5 (ø)						
	WITH ROUND CONE (BEAM AT 300 mm)	55 (ø)						
	WITH ROUND CONE (BEAM AT 300+50 mm)	64 (ø)						
	ROUND CONE + INSERT Size 0 (BEAM AT 300+10)	22x35 (LxH)						
	ROUND CONE + INSERT Size 0 (BEAM AT 310+50)	27x42 (LxH)						
	ROUND CONE + INSERT Size 1 (BEAM AT 300+10)	31x41 (LxH)						
	ROUND CONE + INSERT Size 1 (BEAM AT 310+50)	37x49 (LxH)						
	WITH RECTANGULAR CONE (BEAM AT 300)	35X45 (LxH)						
	WITH RECTANGULAR CONE (BEAM AT 300+50)	41X52 (LxH)						

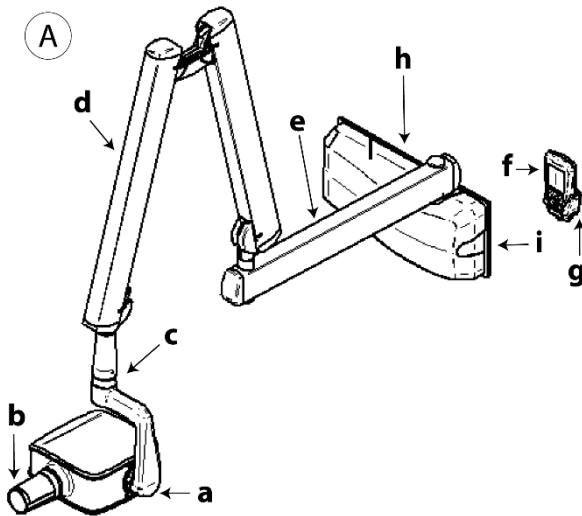
-  : USABLE
 : RECOMMENDED
 : NOT USABLE

2.1. INSTALLATION TYPE

WALL-MOUNTED VERSION



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV****S
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)



a. X-ray generator.

Constant potential high frequency x-ray generator.

b. Removable collimator (cone).

The generator can work with different types of collimator that are automatically recognised:

- 8" cylindrical COLLIMATOR (incorporated in the generator): minimum skin/focus distance 20cm and 60mm output beam.
- removable 12" rectangular COLLIMATOR (only for H3XV****S): minimum skin/focus distance 30cm and 45x35 mm output beam (rectangular collimator attached).
- removable 12" round COLLIMATOR (optional for H3XV****S): minimum source/skin distance 30cm and diameter of collimator output beam 55mm (with collimator attached).

The following rectangular collimators to be attached to a 12" round collimator are also available as optionals:

- Rectangular COLLIMATOR 22x35 mm
- rectangular COLLIMATOR 31x41 mm.

c. Focus spot.

d. Double pantograph arm.

e. Extension arm.

The extension arm is available in three length versions: 40 cm (15.7"), 60 cm (23.6") and 90 cm (35.4").

f. Handheld.

The handheld can be placed either near the control unit or in a remote position. As a result, the doctor can move conveniently around the room and move out of the area where x-rays are emitted.

g. Handheld holder.

h. Control unit.

i. Main switch.

MOBILE STAND INSTALLATION



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV****M
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)



WARNING!

Never move the mobile stand x-ray unit without first securing the support arm with the special strap.

To move the mobile stand x-ray unit:

- 1) Unplug the x-ray unit power cord from the power supply.
- 2) Place the power cord so that it does not get in the way.
- 3) Always secure the support arm with the associated safety belt.
- 4) Move the x-ray unit carefully using the handles.

WARNING!

Moving the mobile stand x-ray unit without using the handles can cause the device to fall, unbalance or tip over. Be very careful and always use the handles.



WARNING!

During the movement of the mobile stand, pay attention to the presence of steps and / or horizontal obstacles as they may cause a situation of instability and / or tip over the cart. If you wish to move the x-ray over a small obstacle, gently tilt the base by pressing with your foot near the rear wheels.

WARNING!

The tray can hold a maximum of 5kg.

WARNING!

Do not step on the mobile stand or parts of it.

To stop the mobile stand in the desired position, lock the wheel brakes by pressing the lever down. Upwards to unlock.



NOTE: always lock at least two brakes to avoid unwanted movements.

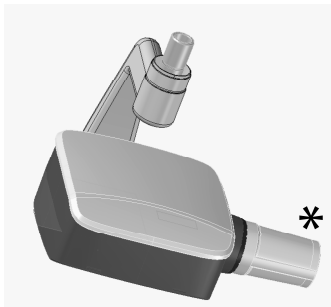
2.2. X-RAY HEAD WITH ARCH



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV***** (Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

The mechanical fitting with which the x-ray head is connected to the pantograph arm is an arch. The arch allows the x-ray head to maintain the position set by the operator.

The generator is can freely rotate both on the horizontal and vertical plane. The rotation is limited by suitable mechanical stops.



The cone, indicated with *, is the only applied part

2.3. HANDHELD

The handheld is turned on by pressing any key, except for the one for x-ray emission.

WIRELESS HANDHELD



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV***W* (Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

This handheld uses a wireless connection to communicate with the x-ray unit.

The wireless communication complies with specifications IEEE 802.11 b/g/n. The connection is protected through cryptography and no other wireless product, except for the handheld, can connect to the unit.

Handheld batteries:

- Type: 2 x AA - Alkaline 1.5V.

The wireless communication can be affected by interferences caused by other equipment such as:

- WiFi routers
- surveillance systems
- Audio/Video repeaters
- cordless phones

With wireless communication interferences proceed as indicated in the technical manual (§ 10.4).

With a too high level of interferences, the handheld cannot guarantee a correct operation and deactivates the wireless communication. In these latter cases it is preferable to use a wired handheld.

WIRED HANDHELD



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV***C* (Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

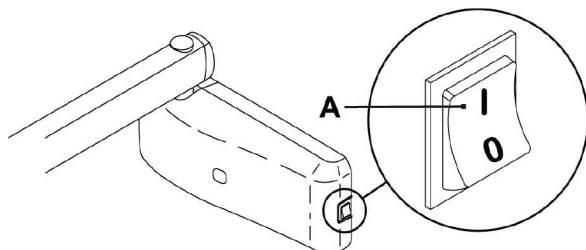
This handheld uses a cable connection to communicate with the x-ray unit.

3. TURNING THE X-RAY DEVICE ON AND OFF

TURNING ON THE WALL-MOUNTED X-RAY UNIT



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV****S
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

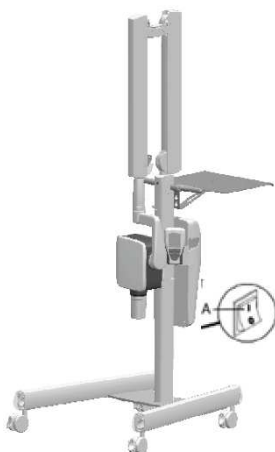


The control unit is turned on and off from the main switch (A).
The switch lights up to indicate that the control unit is powered.

TURNING ON THE MOBILE STAND X-RAY UNIT



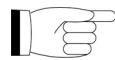
NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV****M
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)



The control unit is turned on and off from the main switch (A).
The switch lights up to indicate that the control unit is powered.

NOTE: The technical specifications of the switch are outlined in paragraph 1.5.

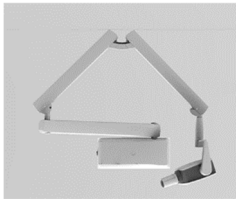
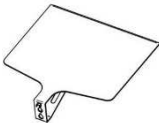

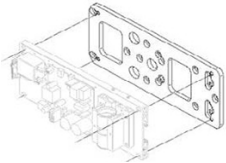
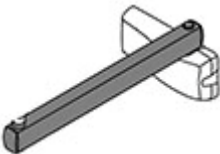

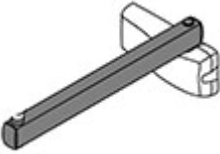

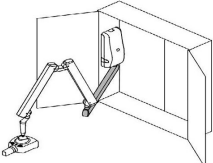

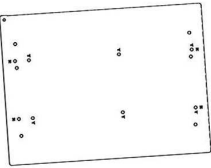

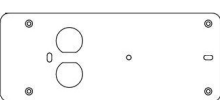

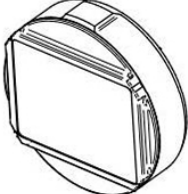
Whenever turned on, the equipment performs an operational test that takes a few seconds. A beep is emitted at the end of the test.




NOTE: The exposure time and the parameters displayed on the handheld when the unit is turned on are the last ones set before the control unit was turned off.

If the control unit is left untouched for a few minutes, it will go into standby mode. Simply press any key on the control panel to reactivate it.

3.1. MAIN COMPONENTS

Basic machine		Optional accessory tray (Mobile version only)*	
RX DC (Wired handheld) for wall-mounted installation (230V)		Adaptation kit to existing X-ray units (Optional, wall-mounted version only)*	
90 cm extension arm		Additional wireless handheld support (optional, for wireless console only)*	
40 or 60 cm extension arm (optional, replaces 90 cm extension arm) *		System for RX DC connection to PC (Cable length 2 meters, 5 metres, 10 metres, 20 metres) (Optional)*	
60 or 90 cm extension arm with bottom attachment (optional, replaces 90 cm extension arm) *		User Keys (for the activation of additional multiple-workstation licences (1, 5, 10, 25, 50, 250) (optional)*	
Counter-plate for wall-mounted installation (For wall-mounted version only)		QUART "BASIC" quality control system for 2D intraoral examinations with digital sensors and phosphor plates (Digitest 2.1 phantom) - Tests with resolution up to 5 lp/mm (optional)*	
Installation plate with single post (For wall-mounted version only)		DICOM module license (see price list for different versions) Optional*	
Rectangular collimator insert for 30 cm (12") long circular cone - Size 0 (22x35 mm)* - Size 1 (31x41 mm)*			

<p>Rectangular collimator 30 cm (12") long cone - Size 2 (45x35 mm)</p>			
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NOTE: *Some optional features of the device may or may not be available depending on your model or reference market.
For more details, please contact your local distributor.

4. HANDHELD FUNCTIONS

The handheld is turned on by pressing any key, except for the one for x-ray emission.

A buzzer rings to confirm that the unit has been turned on. The unit will be in the standard configuration and it will start searching for the base it works with.

If the base is off, the handheld will not indicate the field or the status “ready”. If the base is later turned on, the handheld will detect it within thirty seconds or by pressing any function key on the push-button panel.



NOTE: To optimise the range of the handheld while it is being used, keep it away from walls and metal instruments and, above all, do not cover its built-in antenna on top of the screen. In addition, performance may be reduced if the handheld is moved too quickly while x-rays are being taken. Error E 31 may be displayed if out of range problems occur.

WIRELESS HANDHELD



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV***W*
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

AUTOMATIC HANDHELD SHUT OFF:

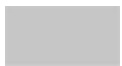
Once the control unit has been turned off, the handheld automatically shuts off after approximately one minute. The handheld also automatically shuts off when it is at a further distance from the maximum range of the control unit.

HANDHELD TIMED STAND-BY:

The entire x-ray unit will switch over to stand-by (even if the base is on) and the handheld will automatically shut off after approximately five minutes of non-use to save battery power.

BATTERIES AND CHARGE LEVEL INDICATION:

The handheld runs on two standard AA alkaline batteries to assure sufficient stand-alone operation. The charge level of the batteries is shown on the display as follows:



Battery fully charged (no symbol appears in the area that shows the battery charge level).



Battery half-charged.



Battery charge level low or almost dead (causing the handheld to automatically shut off).

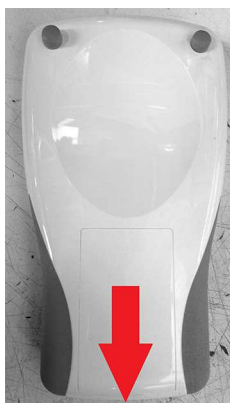


NOTE: The batteries should be removed from the handheld if it is not going to be used for an extended period.

The life of the handheld batteries typically depends on the frequency of use of the handheld and the performance characteristics of the batteries, which can vary approximately between two months and two years.

BATTERY CHANGE:

If the battery charge status shown on the display corresponds to “low or near low battery”, we recommend replacing the batteries as follows:



1) Open the battery compartment by sliding the relevant cover downwards.



2) After removing the spent batteries, insert two new standard alkaline AA batteries inside the handheld and then close the battery compartment by sliding the battery cover upwards until it stops.

At the end of the procedure, check that the load status of the batteries shown on the display is battery fully charged (no symbol appears in the area that shows the battery charge level).

WIRED HANDHELD

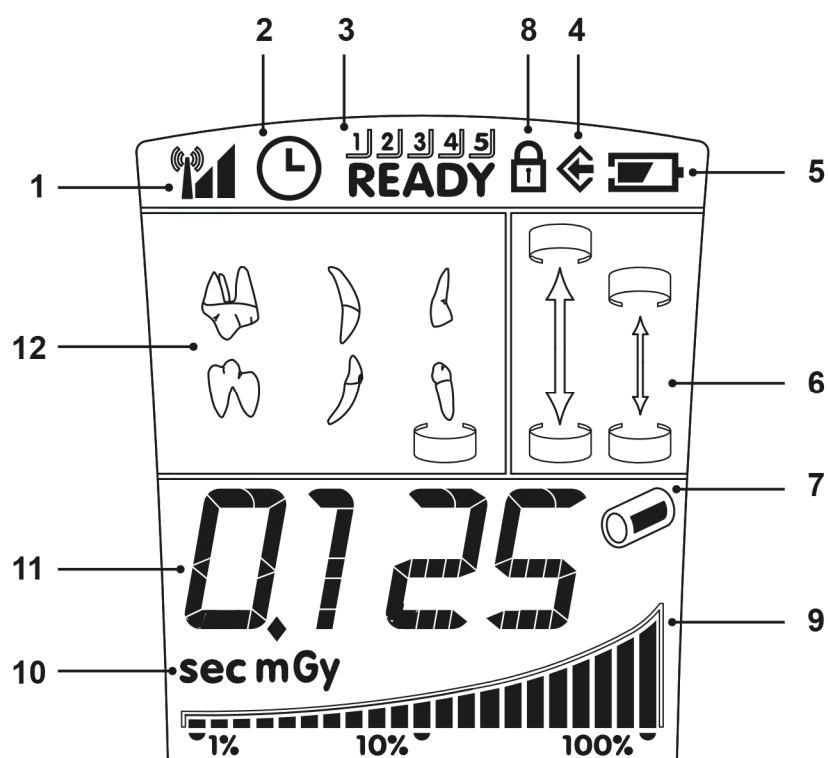


NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV***C*
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

AUTOMATIC HANDHELD SHUT OFF:

The handheld will automatically turn off after switching off the control unit.

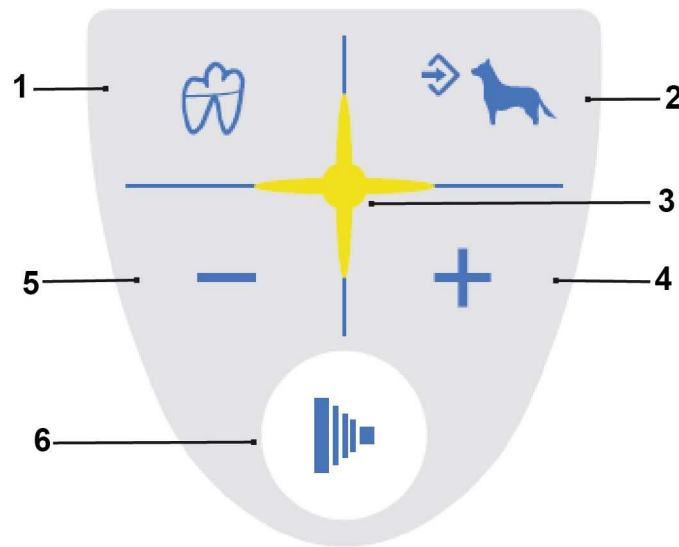
4.1. HANDHELD DISPLAY FUNCTIONS



- 1 Field present for dialoguing with “base”
- 2 Pause for cooling
- 3 Handheld identification number
- 4 Memorising
- 5 Battery status
- 6 Patient size selection
- 7 8” round collimator on (12” rectangular collimator not attached)
- 8 Interlock active
- 9 Graduated bar for thermal load
- 10 Time/dose unit of measure
- 11 Exposure time and dose display
- 12 Tooth selection







4.2. USE OF HANDHELD

As illustrated in the figure below, the handheld has four function keys and a single x-ray emission key.



- 1 "Dentition area selection" key
- 2 "Body size selection" key
- 3 X-ray emission light
- 4 "Increase" key
- 5 "Decrease" key
- 6 "X-ray emission" key

The main functions of the keys on the handheld, depending on how they are pressed, are:

KEY	BRIEFLY PRESSED (less than 3 sec.).	PRESSED LONGER (more than 3 sec.).
	Changes over from LARGE to SMALL and vice versa (takes place when key is released).	Saves the selected setting (exposure time, sensitivity, etc...). The memo icon () lights up when the data item can be saved.
	Selects the various types of teeth to choose the area to be examined.	Displays the values corresponding to the tooth exposure times in mGy and in mGy*cm ² if pressed again.
	Increases the exposure times in steps according to the set scale.	Increases the scroll speed of the values in increasing order.
	Decreases the exposure times in steps according to the set scale.	Increases the scroll speed of the values in decreasing order.
	Starts x-ray exposure (the button has to be held down throughout the x-rays emission, "dead man" function).	



NOTE: "Dead man" function: the system that starts x-ray exposure with the dedicated key on the wireless handheld allows x-rays to be emitted only when the user presses and holds down the exposure key. X-ray emission will stop if the key is released ahead of time.



NOTE: The function related to pressing the key briefly is performed by pressing the key which will activate the function assigned to it. On the other hand, to perform the function carried out when the key is held down longer, press the key until the relative function is started. The buzzer will beep shortly to signal that the function has been activated.

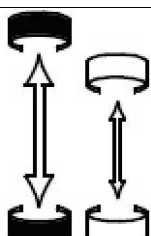
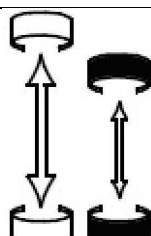


NOTE: Warm-up: When the equipment has not been used for a prolonged period (more than 3 months) or when turned on for the first time, it is advisable to perform a series of emissions with short times (0.01-0.02 sec.) and then, progressively, some pictures with 0.1 sec. intervals to better stabilise the operation of the x-ray tube before using it.

4.3. CHECKING THE PARAMETERS

Before actually taking an exposure, make sure that the exposure parameters for the examination in progress are correctly set:







- Checking the selected patient size.
 - “SMALL” symbol selected: indicates that the x-ray unit is set for patients with small builds.
 - “LARGE” symbol selected: indicates that the x-ray unit is set for patients with average-large builds.

	
Average/large build (LARGE) selected	Small build (SMALL) selected



NOTE: After the change has been made, the preset exposure times will automatically be modified.

- Checking the selected type of intraoral examination.

	Upper molars examination		Lower molars examination
	Premolars /upper canines or rear bitewing examination		Lower canines/bicuspid examinations
	Upper incisors or front bitewing examination		Lower incisors examination

4.4. FACTORY SETTINGS

HALO 4 DC x-ray unit is supplied with the following factory settings:

- Operating mode: AUTO.
- Sensitivity: level 19.
- Handheld stand-by: 5 minutes
- Exposure times as per standard R'20: 0.020 - 0.022 - 0.025 - 0.028 - 0.032 - 0.036 - 0.040 - 0.045 - 0.050 - 0.056 - 0.063 - 0.071 - 0.080 - 0.090 - 0.100 - 0.110 - 0.125 - 0.140 - 0.160 - 0.180 - 0.200 - 0.220 - 0.250 - 0.280 - 0.320 - 0.360 - 0.400 - 0.450 - 0.500 - 0.560 - 0.630 - 0.710 - 0.800 - 0.900 - 1.000



NOTE: These values, which comply with IEC 60601-1-3:2008 + A1:2013, were chosen from the R'20 series defined in ISO 497 and CANNOT BE CHANGED.

5. USING THE X-RAY UNIT

5.1. PATIENT POSITIONING

A positioner or centring device specific for the selected image receiver should always be used to assure the x-rays are correctly aligned regardless of the position of the patient's head.

5.2. X-RAY HEAD POSITIONING

Position the x-ray head so that the collimator is aligned with the image receiver.



NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV*****
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

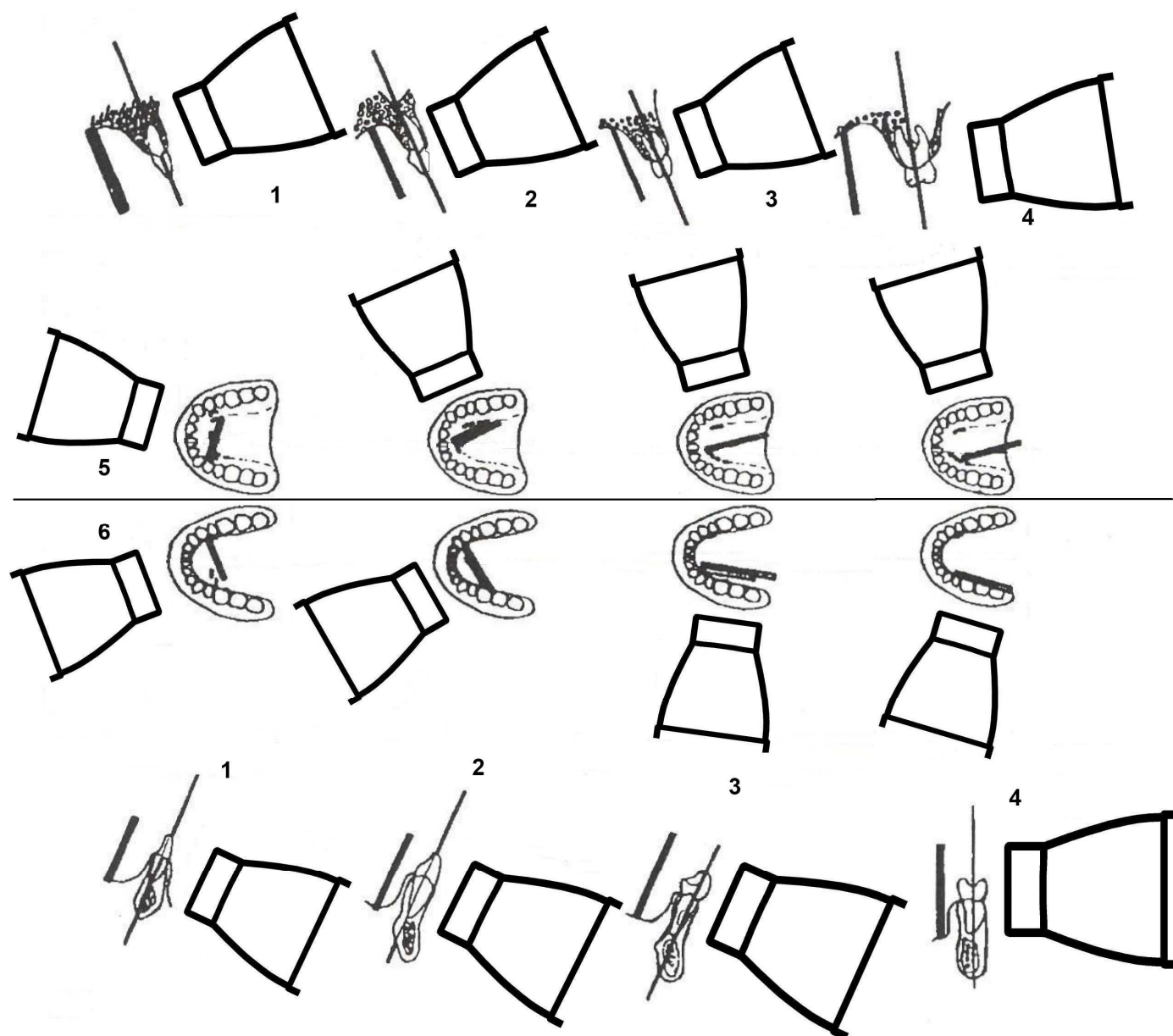


In the versions equipped with arch technology, the x-ray head can freely rotate on both its horizontal and vertical axis. Simply moving the x-ray head allows positioning it at the desired angle to perform the exposure.

5.3. PLATE OR SENSOR POSITIONING

The paralleling technique, where applicable, provides images with better dimensional accuracy than the bisecting angle technique. The use of the rectangular collimator, with a focus-to-skin distance of 30 cm (12"), is always recommended in order to obtain superior x-ray images. To avoid partially exposing the image receiver (whether a photostimulable phosphor plate or sensor), it is recommended to use a centring device with guidelines for rectangular collimators, which are typically marked on the centring ring.

- Paralleling technique



- 1 Incisors
- 2 Canines
- 3 Premolars
- 4 Molars
- 5 Upper arch
- 6 Lower arch

- The beam emission axis is perpendicular to the image receiver (e.g. a photostimulable phosphor plate or sensor), which in turn is parallel to the long axis of the tooth.
- In this way, the projection of the tooth image will undergo the only deformation due to the divergence of the rays from the focal spot.
- Radiographic magnification can reach up to 15%.

- For some "special" projections, such as occlusal ones, it may be necessary to remove the rectangular collimator and use the round collimator in the absence of a positioner.

5.4. SETTING THE EXPOSURE MODE AND TIME

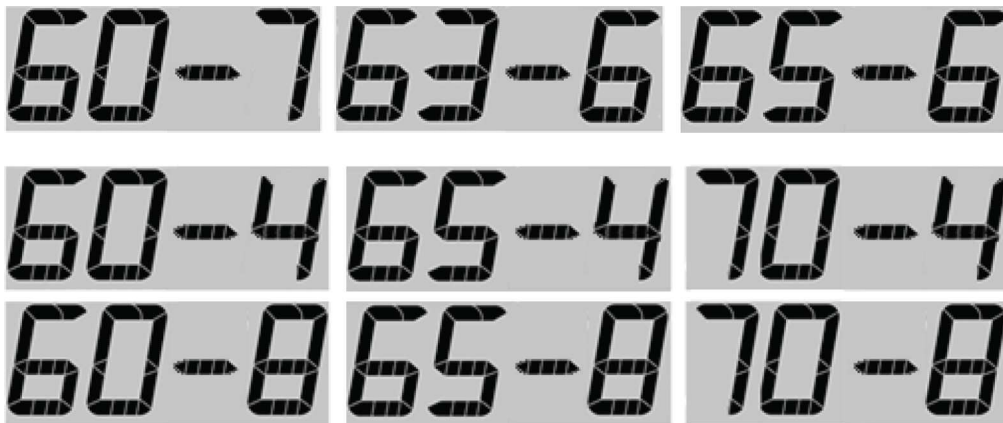
The exposure parameters are set by following the directions given below:

- 1) Select the tooth to be examined
- 2) Select the patient size

The exposure time is automatically shown on the handheld screen.



NOTE: Each tooth and patient size selected is displayed for approximately 1 second according to the operating mode used (En60, En63 o En65).



The suggested exposure time can be changed with keys and . Exposure times ranging from 0.02s to 1.00s belonging to the R'20 scale can be set. Random exposure times different from the ones provided in the R'20 scale cannot be set.

When the exposure time displayed differs from the default setting, icon comes on.

To save the new setting, make sure that icon is on and then press and hold down key for approximately 2 seconds. The handheld will beep shortly to confirm that the setting has been saved. At this point, make sure that icon is off.



NOTE: If the exposure time is not saved, the change made will be lost after a new entry or as soon as the handheld changes over to stand-by.



WARNING:

After customised settings have been made, the "Original exposure values charts" are no longer valid.

If icon is displayed while the exposure time is changed, it means that the set time cannot be saved for the selected tooth-patient size combination. In any case, the x-rays can be taken with the set time.








WARNING:

When the suggested exposure time is changed, the sensitivity factor is also modified (by default set to F=19). Once this change has been saved, it is applied to all the teeth and both patient sizes.

The exposure time can also be modified by changing the sensitivity factor. To do so, press keys and at the same time; the actual sensitivity factor will be displayed (F or S, depending on the set mode).



Use keys  and  to change the value from 3 to 25. If the displayed value differs from the previous setting, icon  comes on. To quit this mode, press key  or  to confirm. The change made to the sensitivity factor is applied to all the teeth and both patient sizes.

The operating mode selected is always used for each combination of tooth and patient size. In AUTO mode, each tooth and patient size combination is associated to the best mode from amongst the ones available. In this mode, it is not possible to assign a mode other than the default one to each combination.

5.5. PERFORMING THE EXPOSURE

- Take the handheld and position yourself at a safety distance (at least 2 metres) from the X-ray unit, so as to constantly monitor the X-ray exposure, and check that the “ready” status is displayed.

READY


- Ask the patient to stay still.
- Press and hold the “X-ray emission” key on the handheld until the sound (beep) stops and the relevant yellow light turns off.



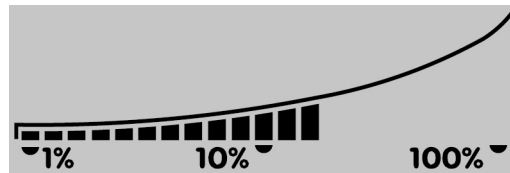
“X-ray emission” key




Push-button panel light on during X-ray emission.

 **NOTE:** If the “X-ray emission” key is released at any time, the exposure is interrupted and the error code E301 is displayed.

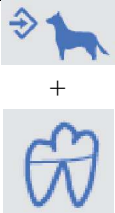
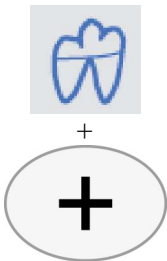
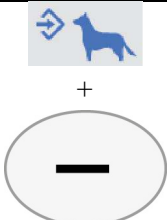

- At the end of the exposure, it is possible to perform the following exposure immediately, unless the X-ray unit has reached the maximum permitted temperature. The display always shows the X-ray unit overheating percentage (see icon below) with respect to the maximum permitted temperature.



- When this temperature is reached, perform a cooling pause, signalled by the symbol .
- Now the X-ray shooting function is disabled until the “ready” status available is displayed again-
- When “READY” is displayed again on the handheld, the device is ready to perform another X-ray exposure.

6. ADVANCED OPTIONS

The handheld allows the user to view, edit and set some operating parameters by simply combining the keys provided. Follow the steps outlined below to access:

KEY COMBINATION	DESCRIPTION OF COMMAND
	<p>Press these two keys to adjust the sensitivity levels (determined based on the table given below and type of sensor/receiver used), modifying the current value from the minimum to the maximum allowable one (on a scale from 3 to 25), with keys “+” and “-”. Press key “size” to confirm the desired level and go back to the main screen.</p> <p>This menu is not available in USER mode.</p>
	<p>Hold down these two keys to go to the set-up menu (from P 01 to P 07). Press key “size” to make the selection. Once within the individual configurations, they can be scrolled with keys “+” and “-” and selected by pressing key “size” again. Key "tooth" quits the configuration without saving the setting.</p> <p>The configurations are outlined in detail below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - P 01: Sets the stand-by time (from a minimum of 5 to a maximum of 30 minutes). - P 02: Assigns an identification tag to the x-ray unit base (from 1 to 5 or none). - P 03: Shows the list of software versions. - P 04: Handheld unique code display. - P 05: Activates/deactivates the safety unlock mode (see paragraph 5.1). - P 06: Selects the operating mode (En60, En63, En65 e AUTO). - P 07: Sets the type of removable collimator used.
	<p>Enabling/Disabling USER mode. When USER mode is activated, icon  is displayed.</p>



SETTING THE SAFETY UNLOCKING MODE




NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV*****
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

X-ray unit has a safety unlocking mode for the ball joint.

The default setting allows the ball joint to be disengaged by simply touching one of the buttons present on the front of the head. To prevent accidental contact with the buttons unexpectedly disengaging the ball joint (and therefore causing undesired movement of the head), the safety unlocking mode can be activated. In this mode, the ball joint is disengaged only if both buttons are activated at the same time.

To set the safety unlocking mode, press keys  and  to go to the set-up menu.

Scroll the parameters up to parameter P05 and press key . Scroll the options to select "ON" and then press key .

Press key  to quit the setup menu.

6.1. SETTING THE OPERATING MODE

X-ray unit features the following operating modes:

- **AUTO:** the system automatically selects the best setting available for each tooth-patient size combination
- **USER:** The system automatically proposes the optimum exposure time according to the selected tooth and patient size - En65: all exposures are performed at 65KV and 6mA.

For both operating modes, the exposure time is in the range 0.02s - 1s. The permitted anode voltage and current combinations are shown in the following table:


 **NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV*6*****
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

Table 1

60-7	60 kV	7 mA
63-6	63 kV	6 mA
65-6	65 kV	6 mA







 **NOTE: This section applies only to models REF: H3XV*7*****
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

Table 2

60-8	60 kV	8 mA
65-8	65 kV	8 mA
70-8	70 kV	8 mA
60-4	60 kV	4 mA
65-4	65 kV	4 mA
70-4	70 kV	4 mA

To set the operative mode, press keys  and  to go to the setup menu.

Scroll the parameters up to parameter P06 and press key  . Scroll the options to find the desired operating mode and then press key  .

Press key  to quit the setup menu.

6.2. SETTING TYPE OF MOVABLE COLLIMATOR



X-ray unit features the following movable collimators:


- Rectangular 35x45 mm (only with ball joint)
- Round ø55 mm
- Rectangular 31x41 mm (to apply on round collimator ø55 mm)
- Rectangular 22x35 mm (to apply on round collimator ø55 mm)





NOTE: For an ideal use of the x-ray unit, set the collimator depending on the type used.

To set the type of collimator, press keys  and  to go to the set-up menu.

Scroll the parameters up to parameter P07 and press key . Scroll the options to find the type of collimator used and then press key .

Press key  to quit the setup menu.

6.3. RESTORING FACTORY SETTINGS

To restore the factory settings (see paragraph 4.4) press keys  and  to go to the set-up menu.

Press keys  and  simultaneously.

“rESS” will briefly appear and the handheld will be rebooted.



7. ERROR MESSAGES

ERROR CODE	ERROR TYPE	DESCRIPTION	SOLUTION
W0002	GENERAL WARNING	External shooting button pressed upon start-up	Check that the external shooting key is not blocked.
W0005	GENERAL WARNING	Configuration data reading error	The warning signals that the x-ray unit does not contain configuration data. Perform the handheld pairing procedure and if the warning persists after restarting the machine contact the service department.
W006	GENERAL WARNING	Missing or wrong tube calibration	This warning can occur after the x-ray unit board is replaced or after a complete reset of the latter. The warning signals that the x-ray unit has a tube calibration inconsistent with the type of machine. Check the configuration of the DIP-SWITCHES of the x-ray unit board. If the configuration does not correspond it is necessary to modify the DIP-SWITCHES (Copy the dip-switch position from the board that is being replaced), restart the machine and perform the tube calibration procedure. See the dedicated section in the technical manual.
W007	GENERAL WARNING	Calibration data reading error	This warning can occur after the x-ray unit board is replaced or after a complete reset of the latter. The warning signals that the x-ray unit does not contain tube calibration data. Perform the tube calibration procedure. See the dedicated section in the technical manual.
E102	X-RAY UNIT ERROR	Software error.	Incorrect technical parameters. If the problem persists after restarting the machine contact the service department
E103	X-RAY UNIT ERROR	Software error	In case of wireless handheld, the error may be caused by communication interferences. In this case, carry out the procedures to select the free channel. In case of wired handheld, check the cable integrity. If the problem persists after restarting the machine, contact the service department.
E104	X-RAY UNIT ERROR	Mains voltage lower than 200 V.	Check the power supplied to the machine. The shooting cycle cannot start until it is restored.
E105 E106 E107	X-RAY UNIT ERROR	Software error	Try to repeat exposure. If the problem persists replace the x-ray unit control board.
E108	COMMUNICATION ERROR	Missing communication between X-ray unit board and base board.	Check arm cable integrity. If the problem persists after restarting the machine, contact the service department.
E130	DSP ERROR	Overvoltage error	Excessive anodic voltage detected. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire. Possible monobloc fault.

ERROR CODE	ERROR TYPE	DESCRIPTION	SOLUTION
E131	DSP ERROR	Overcurrent error	Excessive anodic current detected. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire. Possible monobloc fault.
E132	DSP ERROR	Loss of anodic voltage regulation	Insufficient or anomalous anodic voltage. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire and arm cable. Possible monobloc or base board fault.
E133	DSP ERROR	Loss of anodic current regulation	Insufficient or anomalous anodic current. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire and arm cable. Possible monobloc or base board fault.
E134	DSP ERROR	Anodic voltage other than zero	Anodic voltage other than zero detected with generator off. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire. Possible x-ray unit board fault.
E135	DSP ERROR	Anodic current other than zero	Anodic current other than zero detected with generator off. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire. Possible x-ray unit board fault.
E136	DSP ERROR	Excessive current detected on filament	Excessive current detected on filament. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire. Possible monobloc fault.
E137	DSP ERROR	Filament error	Insufficient current detected on filament. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire. Possible filament fault.
E138	DSP ERROR	X-ray unit board internal error	Excessive offset values detected on analogue films. Check monobloc/x-ray unit feedback wire. Possible x-ray unit board fault.
E139	POWER SECTION ERROR	Pantograph arm cable problem	Check pantograph arm cable integrity. If the problem persists after restarting the machine, contact the service department.
E150	ACTUATOR ERROR	Brake overvoltage	Possible x-ray unit board fault.
E151	ACTUATOR ERROR	Brake undervoltage	Possible x-ray unit board fault or short-circuit on actuator.
E152	ACTUATOR ERROR	Brake overcurrent	Excessive current detected on actuator. Check actuator cable and capacitor cable. Possible short-circuit on actuator.
E153	ACTUATOR ERROR	Error due to disconnected brake or tripped thermal cutout	Insufficient current detected on actuator. Check actuator cable and capacitor cable. Possible fault on actuator or disconnected actuator.
E154	ACTUATOR ERROR	Brake malfunctioning	Actuator current other than zero detected with actuator off. Check actuator cable and capacitor cable. Possible fault on actuator or x-ray unit board.
E155	ACTUATOR ERROR	Brake malfunctioning	Check capacitor cable. Possible x-ray unit board fault.
E200 E201	BASE ERROR	Overcurrent error	Generator short-circuit detected. Check arm cable continuity. Possible monobloc or base board fault.

ERROR CODE	ERROR TYPE	DESCRIPTION	SOLUTION
E202	BASE ERROR	Base board internal error	Unexpected deactivation detected during emission. Interlock intervention, possible base board or x-ray unit board fault.
E203 E204	BASE ERROR	Safety emission interruption	Excessive exposure duration detected. Possible base board or x-ray unit board fault.
E206 E207 E208 E209 E210 E211	EXTERNAL X-RAY KEY ERROR	External x-ray key released in advance	Hold down the key until the image has been captured. If the issue persists, replace the external shooting key.
E212	BASE ERROR	Firmware update error	Check the pantograph arm cable and restart the machine.
E300	HANDHELD ERROR	Shooting key pressed	The shooting key must not be active when the machine is started. Check that the external shooting key is not blocked.
E301	HANDHELD ERROR	Shooting key released during emission	Hold down the key until the end of the exposure.
E302 E303	HANDHELD ERROR	Wireless handheld communication error	Error caused by interferences in the wireless communication. This error can occur only with wireless handheld.
E304 E305 E306	HANDHELD ERROR	Handheld error	Handheld internal error. Contact the service department.
E307	HANDHELD ERROR	Missing communication between handheld board and base board	Check the integrity of the connection cable between wired handheld and base.

 **NOTE:** Just press button  to exit error condition

NOTE: As regards the other error codes, **CONTACT** the technical service department.

8. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE



WARNING:

Any technical maintenance work required must be carried out by qualified personnel or by a specialised technician authorised by the Manufacturer. It is the user's responsibility to check that an authorised technician carries out routine maintenance at least every year. The maintenance methods are specified in the Technical Service Manual possessed by the Authorised Technicians

For safety reasons and for the health of the patient, operator and third-parts inspections and maintenance must be carried out at regular intervals.

Period	Operator	Object	Description
1 year	Specialised technicians of the distributor who installed the device or other technicians authorised by the Manufacturer	All device components are integral parts of the unit	In order to ensure the safety of operation of the device, it is advisable to inspect the x-ray unit in all its parts, in order to prevent or repair any faults

Quality control by means of a dental phantom for image acquiring systems, according to IEC 61223-3-4:2000:

Image resolution (lp/mm)	4lp/mm
Low contrast resolution	2
Artefacts	In the image, there must be no artefacts such as visible horizontal lines
Control period	1 year

The quality control consists in performing a radiological investigation by means of the tested device and a suitable acquisition system. The sensitivity of the x-ray unit must be set according to what is stated in paragraph 14. Alternatively, you can verify that the measured load factors (kV, mA, ms) fall within the accuracy limits stated in Section 11.

Periodic monitoring ensures the proper functioning of the device and the conformity of the results obtained.

9. CLEANING AND DISINFECTION



- Cleaning is the first necessary step for any disinfection process. Physically scrubbing with detergents and surface-active substances and rinsing with water removes a considerable amount of micro-organisms. If the surface is not first cleaned, the disinfection process cannot be successful.

The x-ray unit can be a source of cross-contamination between patients.

For this reason it should be disinfected on the outside every day after use.

If digital x-ray sensors are used, make sure that they are always used with disposable hygienic covers.

Use soft disposable paper towels to disinfect the x-ray unit. Do not use harsh products or soak in liquids.

It is recommended to use the specific medium-level disinfectant, STER 1 PLUS (CEFLA S.C.), which is compatible with painted surfaces, plastic parts and unpainted metal surfaces. As an alternative, we recommend to use products containing:

- **96% ethanol.**
Concentration: maximum 30 g per 100 g of disinfectant.
- **Propanol.**
Concentration: maximum 20 g per 100 g of disinfectant.
- **Combination of ethanol and propanol.**
Concentration: the combination of the two should be maximum 40 g per 100 g of disinfectant.



- Do not use products containing isopropyl alcohol (2-propanol, iso-propanol).
- Do not use products containing sodium hypochlorite (bleach).
- Do not use products containing phenols.
- Do not spray the selected products directly on the surfaces.
- Never combine products with each other or with liquids other than the products listed above.
- All products must be used as directed by the manufacturer.



- The recommended products have been tested: they are technically compatible with the device materials.
- Damage to surfaces and materials due to the use of different products cannot be excluded even if they are not included in the exceptions mentioned above.

Cleaning and disinfecting instructions.

Clean and disinfect with disposable non-abrasive paper (avoid using recycled paper) or sterile gauze.

Do not use sponges or, in any case, any material that can be reused.



- Turn off the device prior to cleaning and disinfecting the external parts.
- Never lubricate the pivot point of the X-ray head as proper operation of the locking system may be compromised.
- All materials used to clean and disinfect must be thrown away upon completing the procedure.

10. DISPOSAL AT END OF LIFE



WARNING!

Never take the covers off the equipment.

The device does not contain parts that can be repaired directly by the user. In the event of malfunctioning, do not attempt to carry out any type of maintenance operation. If you find or suspect any kind of device malfunctioning, do not attempt to carry out any type of maintenance operation and do not use the device on a patient, but directly contact your local distributor.

The user may not carry out maintenance on any mechanical or electronic part of the x-ray device.

Opening the cases to access the internal circuits may cause device breakage and failure of the electrical safety devices and will lead to forfeiture of the warranty.

Any maintenance, repairs and modifications of the device must be carried out only by personnel directly authorised by the Manufacturer or by third parties expressly authorised by the Manufacturer and must be carried out according to the laws in force and the generally accepted technical standards.

All the device components must be checked and replaced, if necessary, by qualified personnel.

For any maintenance operation, please contact the Manufacturer via the website indicated on the cover of this manual by filling in the Information Request form.

Should you for any reason need to return the device or its parts to the Manufacturer or a Technical Service centre, disinfect all the external parts of the device using a specific product (see the paragraph "Cleaning and disinfection") and preferably return it in its original packaging.

At the end of its lifetime, dispose of the device in accordance with the regulations in force. It is also advisable to disinfect all the external parts of the device before disposal and to separate the materials for differentiated waste collection.

In compliance with Directives 2011/65/EU and 2012/19/EU regarding restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment along with waste electrical and electronic equipment it is forbidden to dispose of this equipment in the municipal waste stream as unsorted municipal waste.

When purchasing a new device of an equivalent type, one for one, the device that has come to the end of its lifetime should be returned to the dealer for disposal.

As regards reuse, recycling and other forms of recovery of the above mentioned waste, the Manufacturer carries out the functions defined in the individual national legislations.

Appropriate differentiated waste collection for subsequent recycling treatment and environmentally friendly disposal contributes to preventing possible negative effects on the environment and health and encourages recycling of the materials of which the device is made up.

The symbol indicating separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment consists of the crossed out bin marked on the equipment.

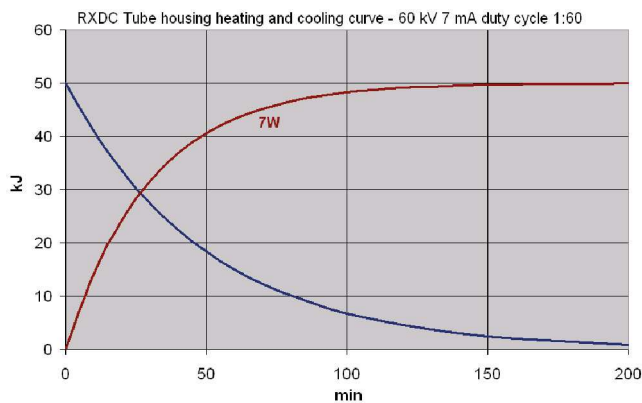


WARNING!

Under local legislation, fines can be imposed if the equipment is disposed in an illegal manner.

11. DATA SPECIFICATIONS

Specification for 70kV x-ray head:

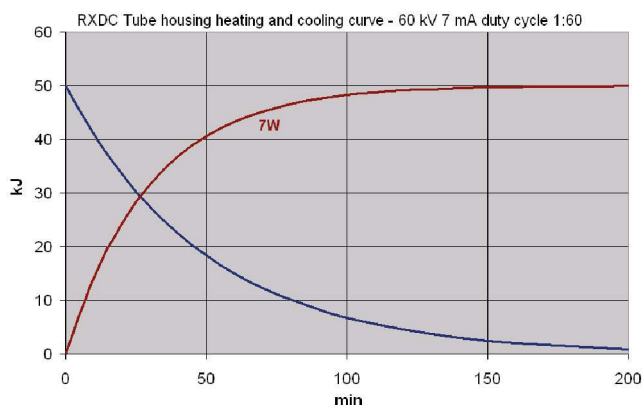


- Rated voltage: 230-240 Vac or 115-120 Vac (according to the model).
- Max. mains voltage fluctuation: $\pm 10\%$.
- Rated current: 6A for the 230-240Vac version; 10A for the 115-120Vac version.
- Frequency: 50/60 Hz.
- Maximum power absorbed: 1.4KVA.
- Apparent line resistance: 0.5Ω (240Vac), 0.2Ω (120Vac).
- Protective fuses: 8A T for the 230-240Vac version; 12A T for the 115-120Vac version.
- Generator: constant potential type.
- High nominal voltage: 60 / 65 / 70 kV.
- Anode current: 4 / 8mA.
- Load factors for the maximum electric power: 70kV 8mA (560W).
- Input anodic continuous power: 7 W.
- Current - reference time product: 0.8 mAs (8mA - 0.1s) / 0.4 mAs (4mA - 0.1s).
- Focal spot (according to IEC 60336:2005):
0.4mm (with tube CANON / TOSHIBA D-041, Kailong KL11-0.4-70, CEI OX/70-3).
0.7mm (with tube CANON / TOSHIBA D-0711 or Kailong KL21-0.7).
- Anode construction material: Tungsten (W).
- Total filtration: 2mm Al @ 60kV (Min. 1.5mm Al @60kV).
- Leaked radiation: $<0.25\text{mGy} / \text{h}$ at 1 metre from focus with load factor 70kV 8mA 1s and duty cycle 1:80.
- Tolerance for position of the focal spot along the reference axis: $\pm 2\%$.
- Set exposure time: from 0.020 to 1.000 seconds.
- Accuracy of times indicated: $\pm 5\%$ or $\pm 5\text{ms}$.
- Coefficient of variation of KERMA <0.05 .
- Linearity error of KERMA <0.2 .
- Dose indication accuracy (mGy): $\pm 30\%$.
- Maximum deviation of stated values:
kV: $< 5\%$.
mA: $< 10\%$.
- Operation frequency bands (for versions with wireless handheld only): $2412 \div 2472 \text{ MHz}$.
- Maximum typical power (for versions with wireless handheld only): $+14.5 - +18.5 \text{ dBm}$.

WEIGHTS

- Weight of the unit with packaging: 38Kg (84lb) max.
- Weight of the x-ray unit: 25Kg (55 lb).
- Weight of the handheld: 0.3Kg (0.7 lb).
- Weight of the x-ray mobile stand: 20Kg (44 lb).

Specification for 65kV x-ray head:

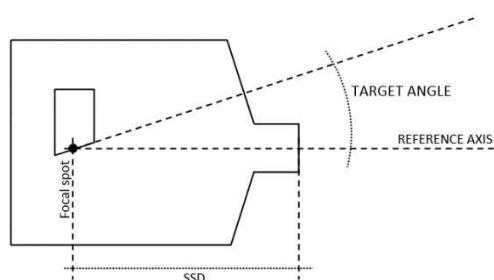
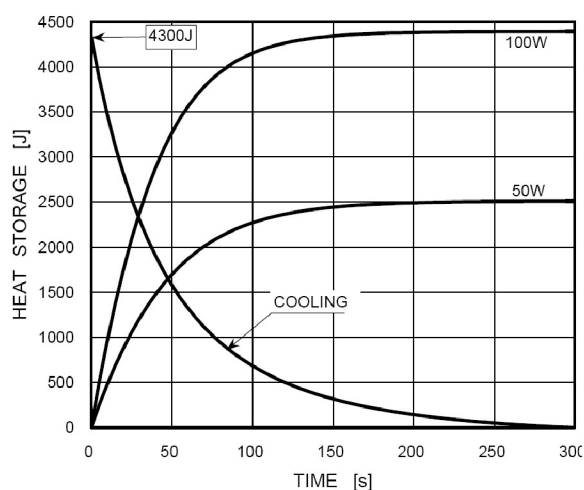


- Rated voltage: 230-240 Vac or 115-120 Vac (according to the model).
- Max. mains voltage fluctuation: $\pm 10\%$.
- Rated current: 6A for the 230-240Vac version; 10A for the 115-120Vac version.
- Frequency: 50/60 Hz.
- Maximum power absorbed: 1.4kVA.
- Apparent line resistance: 0.5Ω (240Vac), 0.2Ω (120Vac).
- Protective fuses: 8A T for the 230-240Vac version; 12A T for the 115-120Vac version.
- Generator: constant potential type.
- High nominal voltage: 60 / 63 / 65 kV.
- Rated current: 6 / 7mA.
- Load factors for the maximum electric power: 60kV 7mA (420W).
- Input anodic continuous power: 7 W.
- Current - reference time product: 0.7 mAs (7mA - 0.1s) / 0.6 mAs (6mA - 0.1s).
- Focal spot (according to IEC 60336:2005):
0.4mm (with tube CANON / TOSHIBA D-041, Kailong KL11-0.4-70, CEI OX/70-3).
0.7mm (with tube CANON / TOSHIBA D-0711 or Kailong KL21-0.7).
- Anode construction material: Tungsten (W).
- Total filtration: 2mm Al @ 60kV (Min. 1.5mm Al @60kV).
- Leaked radiation: $<0.25\text{mGy} / \text{h}$ at 1 metre from focus with load factor 65kV 6mA 1s and duty cycle 1:60.
- Tolerance for position of the focal spot along the reference axis: $\pm 2\%$.
- Set exposure time: from 0.020 to 1.000 seconds.
- Accuracy of times indicated: $\pm 5\%$.
- Coefficient of variation <0.05 .
- Linearity error <0.2 .
- Dose indication accuracy (mGy): $\pm 30\%$.
- Maximum deviation of stated values:
kV: $< 5\%$.
mA: $< 10\%$.
- Operation frequency bands (for versions with wireless handheld only): $2412 \div 2472 \text{ MHz}$.
- Maximum typical power (for versions with wireless handheld only): $+14.5 - +18.5 \text{ dBm}$.

WEIGHTS

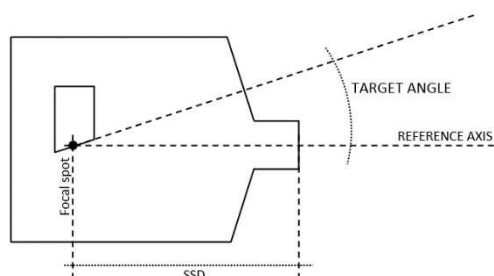
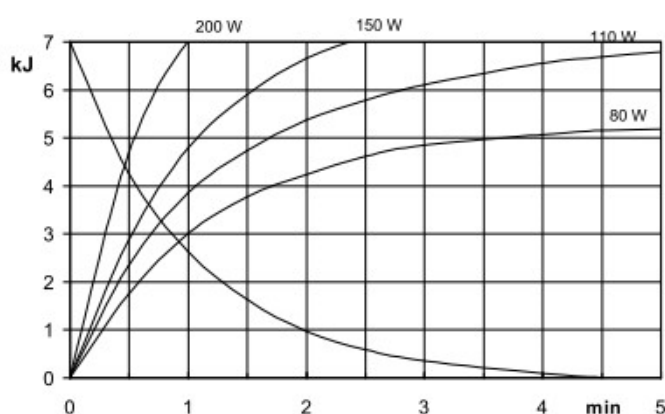
- Weight of the unit with packaging: 38Kg (84lb) max.
- Weight of the x-ray unit: 25Kg (55 lb).
- Weight of the handheld: 0.3Kg (0.7 lb).
- Weight of the x-ray mobile stand: 20Kg (44 lb).

11.1. X-RAY TUBES



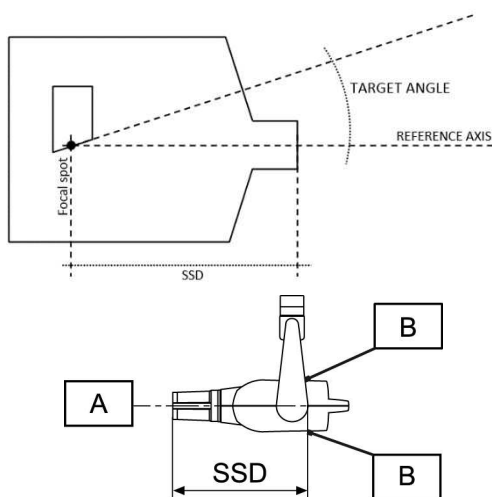
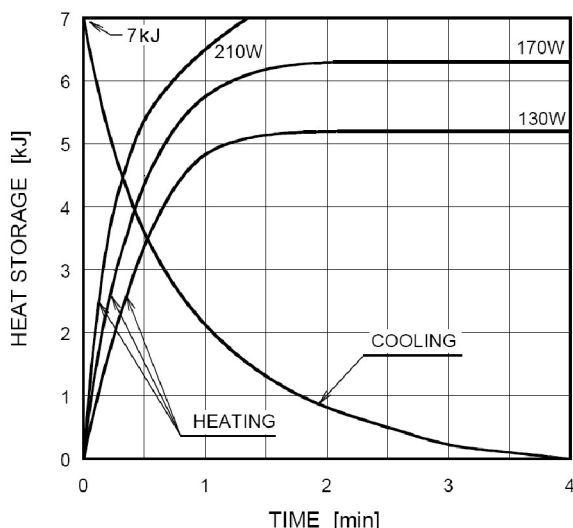
X-RAY TUBE CANON / TOSHIBA D-041, CANON / TOSHIBA D-045, Kailong KL11-0.4-70

- Anode inclination: 12.5° (with tube CANON / TOSHIBA D-041, CANON / TOSHIBA D-045)
- Anode inclination: 12° (with Kailong KL11-0.4-70)
- Anode thermal load: 4.3 KJ



X-RAY TUBE CEI OX/70-3

- Anode inclination: 13°
- Anode thermal load: 7 KJ
- Maximum continuous heat dissipation: 100 W.
- Operating cycle: 1:60 (1 second exposure - 60 seconds pause time).



X-RAY TUBE CANON / TOSHIBA D-0711, Kailong KL21-0.7.

- Anode inclination: 16.0°
- Anode thermal load: 7.0 KJ
- Maximum continuous heat dissipation: 170 W.
- Operating cycle: 1:60 (1 second exposure - 60 seconds pause time).

COLLIMATOR TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- With rectangular collimator: SSD=30cm (12"), x-ray beam less than or equal to 45x35mm.
- With round collimator: SSD=30cm (12"), x-ray beam less than or equal to 55mm.
- Without rectangular collimator: SSD=20cm (8"), x-ray beam less than or equal to Ø60mm.

A) REFERENCE AXIS

B) FOCAL SPOT IDENTIFICATION

11.2. TECHNICAL FACTOR MEASURE

The high voltage value is measured with a non-invasive instrument.

The anode current is controlled inside with measurement resistors and circuits to obtain very precise measurements.

Operation of the circuits is checked at the time of testing. Once assembled, the anode current can no longer be directly measured.

The exposure time should be evaluated by measuring the time that elapses from the moment in which high voltage exceeds 75% of the nominal value to the moment in which it drops below this value. Considering the high gradient of the rising and trailing edges of the anode voltage and squaring due to inherent filtration, use of a threshold ranging from 25% to 75% may be considered non-influential.

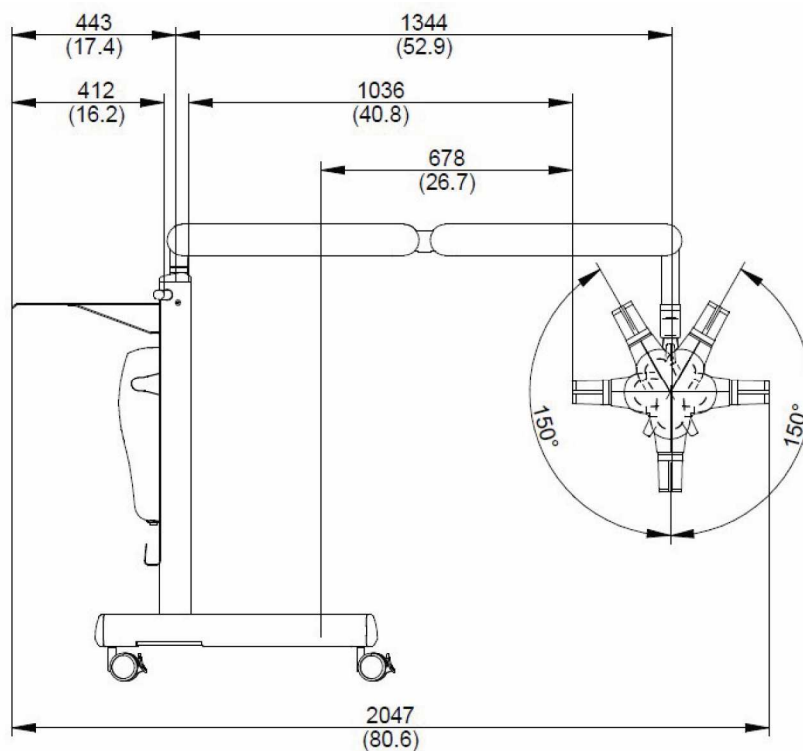
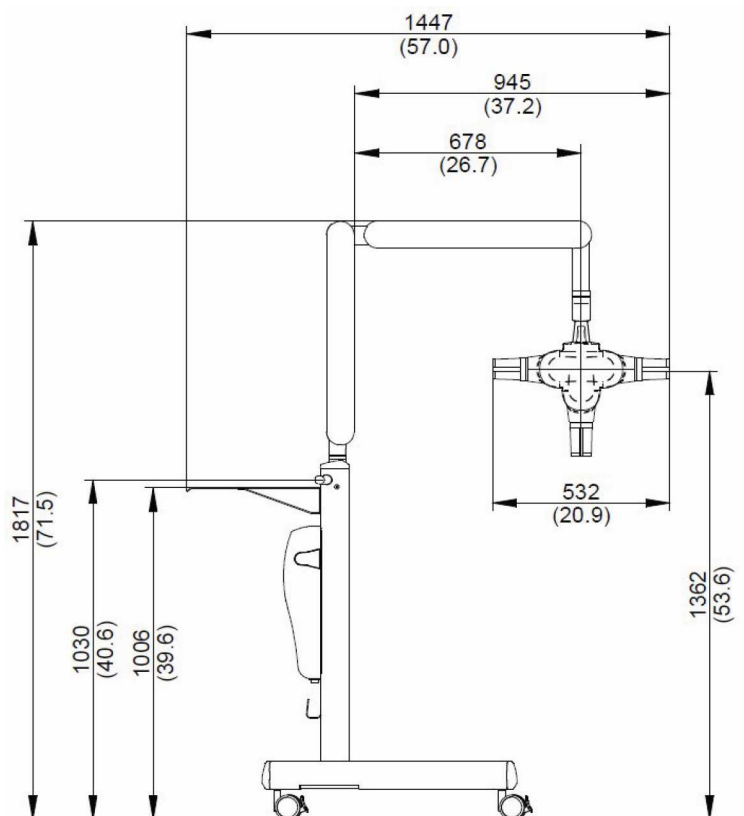
12. DIMENSIONAL FEATURES

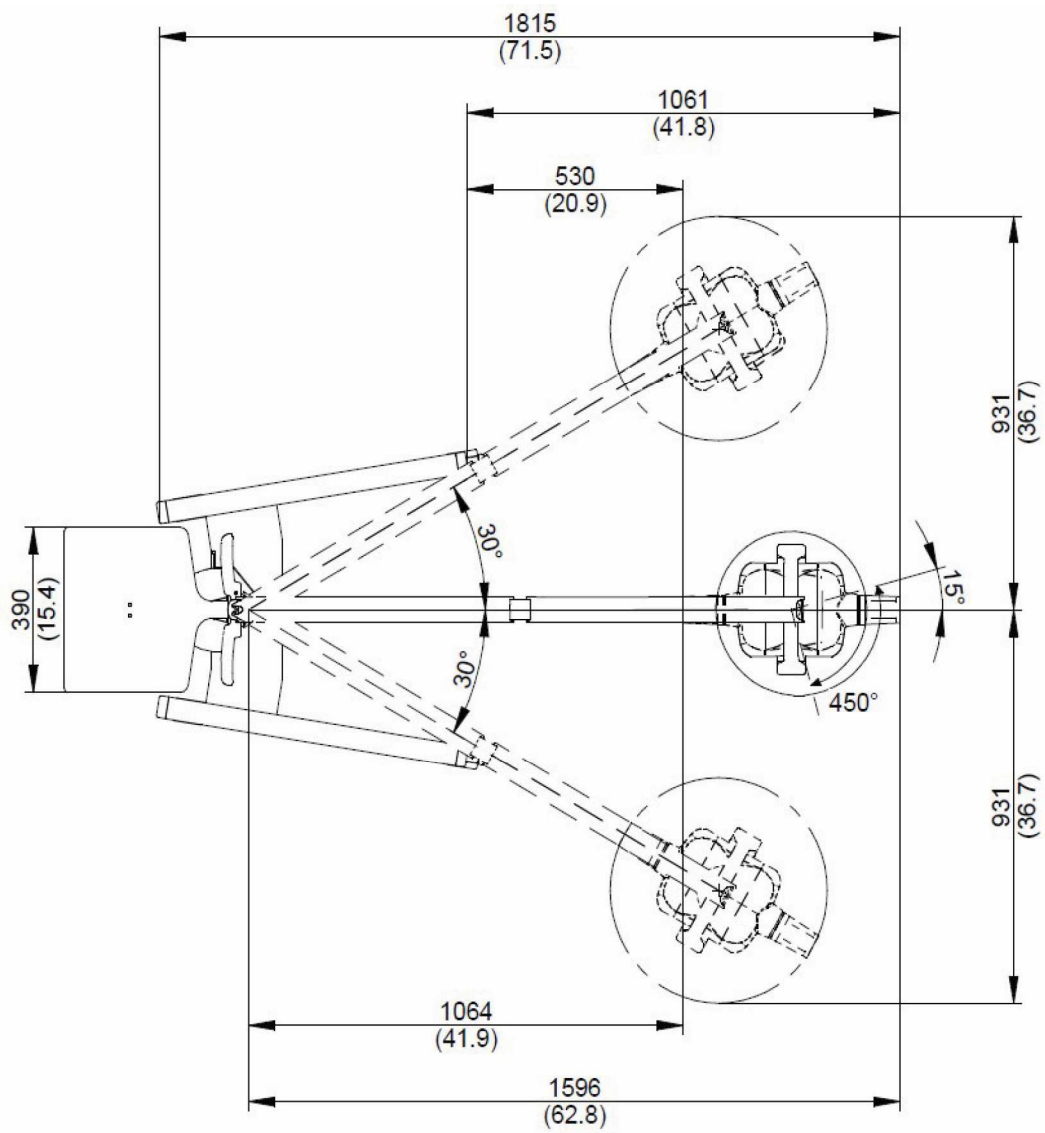
MOBILE STAND VERSION



NOTE: This section applies only to models **REF: H3XV****M**
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)

All dimensions are expressed in millimetres (inches).





13. IDENTIFICATION PLATES

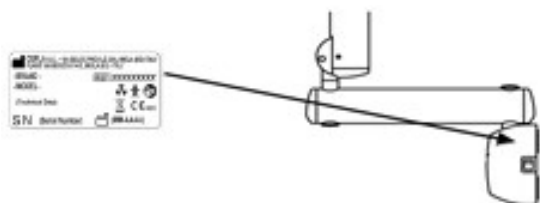


WARNING:

Never remove the identification nameplates provided on the generator, control unit and collimator cone.



NOTE: This section applies only to models **REF: H3XV****S**
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)



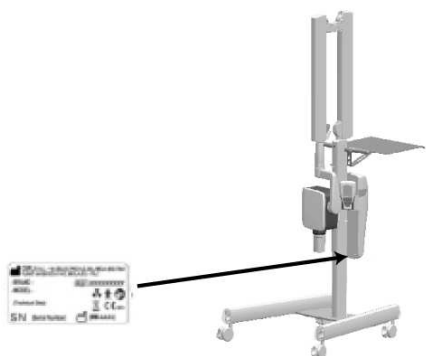
Control unit (MAIN NAMEPLATE).

The nameplate is located beside the main switch
Data given on plate:

- Name and address of the Manufacturer.
- Brand and model of equipment.
- Rated voltage.
- Type of current.
- Rated frequency.
- Maximum current absorbed.
- Serial number.
- Month and year of manufacture.
- Approval marks.
- Symbol required by standards.



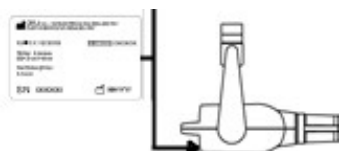
NOTE: This section applies only to models **REF: H3XV****M**
(Character * can be any alphanumeric value)



Control unit (MAIN NAMEPLATE).

The nameplate is located beside the main switch.
Data given on plate:

- Name and address of the Manufacturer.
- Brand and model of equipment.
- Rated voltage.
- Type of current.
- Rated frequency.
- Maximum current absorbed.
- Serial number.
- Month and year of manufacture.
- Approval marks.
- Symbol required by standards.



X-ray head.

The nameplate is located on the lower cover at the back of the x-ray head.

Data given on plate:

- Name of the Manufacturer.
- Name of equipment.
- Technical specifications.
- Model and x-ray tube serial number.
- Equipment serial number.
- Month and year of manufacture.
- Symbol required by standards.



Data given on plates:

- 

Data given on plate:

- 

The diagram shows the reverse side of the toilet seat. A rectangular label is positioned to the left of the seat's base. An arrow points from the label towards the central hinge mechanism where the seat meets the bowl.

The handheld control plate is located at the centre on the back.



EN


14. TIMES/SENSITIVITY CHARTS

When using the x-ray unit, in conjunction with the intraoral sensor of the Manufacturer, it is recommended to use a default value of sensitivity equal to F19.


If using phosphorous plates of the Manufacturer, it is recommended to set a sensitivity value equal to F16.

For the analogue films the optimum sensitivity is F19.


For sensors other than the previous ones, you need to find the appropriate exposure time in relation to the image that you want to obtain. Once identified this time for a specific combination of tooth and patient size, you can set the sensitivity parameter in accordance with the exposure time found (procedure described in paragraph 5.4).


	NOTE: This section applies only to models <u>REF</u>: H3XV*6*** (Character * can be any alphanumeric value)
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Sensitivity	19*											
Collimator (focus-skin distance)	20 cm (8")						30 cm (12")					
Mode	En60		En65		En70		En60		En65		En70	
Patient size	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
Lower incisors	0.090	0.063	0.080	0.056	0.071	0.050	0.180	0.125	0.160	0.110	0.140	0.100
Lower canines/bicuspid	0.110	0.090	0.100	0.080	0.090	0.071	0.220	0.180	0.200	0.160	0.180	0.140
Upper incisors / front bitewing	0.090	0.063	0.080	0.056	0.071	0.050	0.180	0.125	0.160	0.110	0.140	0.100
Lower molars	0.125	0.100	0.110	0.090	0.100	0.080	0.250	0.200	0.220	0.180	0.200	0.160
Premolars / upper canines / rear bitewing	0.160	0.110	0.140	0.100	0.125	0.090	0.320	0.220	0.280	0.200	0.250	0.180
Upper molars	0.160	0.125	0.140	0.110	0.125	0.100	0.320	0.250	0.280	0.220	0.250	0.200

	NOTE: This section applies only to models <u>REF</u>: H3XV*7*** (Character * can be any alphanumeric value)
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Sensitivity	19*											
Collimator (focus-skin distance)	20 cm (8")						30 cm (12")					
Mode	En60		En65		En70		En60		En65		En70	
Patient size	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
Lower incisors	0.080	0.056	0.056	0.040	0.045	0.032	0.160	0.110	0.110	0.080	0.090	0.063
Lower canines/bicuspid	0.100	0.080	0.071	0.056	0.063	0.045	0.200	0.160	0.140	0.110	0.125	0.090
Upper incisors / front bitewing	0.080	0.056	0.056	0.040	0.045	0.032	0.160	0.110	0.110	0.080	0.090	0.063
Lower molars	0.110	0.090	0.080	0.063	0.063	0.056	0.220	0.180	0.160	0.125	0.125	0.110
Premolars / upper canines / rear bitewing	0.140	0.100	0.100	0.071	0.080	0.063	0.280	0.200	0.200	0.140	0.160	0.125
Upper molars	0.140	0.110	0.100	0.080	0.080	0.063	0.280	0.220	0.200	0.160	0.160	0.125

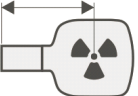







	NOTE: For acceptance and constancy tests refer to the manual "INTRAORAL DEVICES - ACCEPTANCE AND CONSTANCY TESTS" 97055366.
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	NOTE: For further details on the doses delivered in each configuration, please refer to the manual "Dose statements" 97055574.
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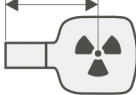









* = Default settings

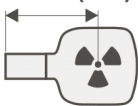









A = Large size

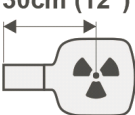









B = Small size

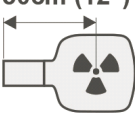











Dose summary TABLE	30cm (12") 		Lower molars 	
		8 mA 4 mA	 mGy	 mGy
			0.15	0.9
			0.17	0.10
			0.19	0.12
			0.22	0.13
			0.24	0.15
			0.27	0.17
		F13	0.30	0.19
		F14	0.34	0.21
		F15	0.38	0.24
		F16	0.44	0.26
		F17	0.49	0.30
		F18	0.55	0.33
	F13	F19	0.60	0.38
	F14	F20	0.69	0.43
X-VS 	F15	F21	0.77	0.48
X-PSP 	F16	F22	0.88	0.53
	F17	F23	0.99	0.60
DCiS 	F18 (*)	F24	1.10	0.67 0.60
	F19	F25	1.21 1.24	0.77
	F20	F26	1.38	0.86
	F21		1.54	0.96
	F22		1.77	1.06
	F23		1.99	1.20
	F24		2.21	1.35
	F25		2.48	1.54
	F26		2.76	1.73
(*) Recommended dose				


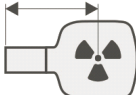









[illegible]

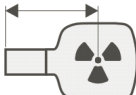









Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity  F13			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.110s (0.44mGy)	0.080s (0.38mGy)	0.063s (0.34mGy)	0.071s (0.29mGy)	0.050s (0.24mGy)	0.040s (0.22mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)	0.090 (0.36mGy)	0.063s (0.30mGy)	0.056s (0.30mGy)
 Lower molars	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)	0.110s (0.44mGy)	0.080s (0.38mGy)	0.063s (0.34mGy)
 Upper incisors Front bitewing	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)	0.090s (0.36mGy)	0.063s (0.30mGy)	0.056s (0.30mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines Rear bitewing	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125 (0.60mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)	0.110s (0.44mGy)	0.080s (0.38mGy)	0.063s (0.34mGy)
 Upper molars	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)

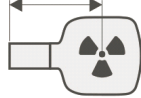









Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity F14			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.090s (0.43mGy)	0.071s (0.39mGy)	0.080s (0.32mGy)	0.056s (0.27mGy)	0.045s (0.24mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)	0.100s (0.40mGy)	0.071s (0.34mGy)	0.063s (0.34mGy)
 Lower molars	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.090s (0.43mGy)	0.071s (0.39mGy)
 Upper incisors Front bitewing	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)	0.100s (0.40mGy)	0.071s (0.34mGy)	0.063s (0.34mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines Rear bitewing	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.090s (0.43mGy)	0.071s (0.39mGy)
 Upper molars	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)











Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity <div>F15</div>			<div>30cm (12")</div> <div></div> <div>Anode current 8 mA</div> <div></div>		
Automatic mode	<div></div>			<div></div>		
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
<div></div> <div>Lower incisors</div>	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)	0.090s (0.36mGy)	0.063s (0.30mGy)	0.050s (0.27mGy)
<div></div> <div>Premolars/ lower canines</div>	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)	0.110s (0.44mGy)	0.080s (0.38mGy)	0.071s (0.39mGy)
<div></div> <div>Lower molars</div>	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)
<div></div> <div>Upper incisors Front bitewing</div>	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)	0.110s (0.44mGy)	0.080s (0.38mGy)	0.071s (0.39mGy)
<div></div> <div>Premolars/ upper canines Rear bitewing</div>	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)
<div></div> <div>Upper molars</div>	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)












Exposure times (Doses)		Detector sensitivity <div>F16</div>			30cm (12") <div></div> <div>Anode current 8 mA</div> <div></div>		
Automatic mode							
Anode voltage		60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
	Lower incisors	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)	0.100s (0.40mGy)	0.071s (0.34mGy)	0.056s (0.30mGy)
	Premolars/ lower canines	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.090s (0.43mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)
	Lower molars	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)
	Upper incisors	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.090s (0.43mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)
	Front bitewing	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.090s (0.43mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)
	Premolars/ upper canines	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)
	Rear bitewing	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)
	Upper molars	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)











Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity  F17			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)	0.110s (0.44mGy)	0.080s (0.38mGy)	0.063s (0.34mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)
 Lower molars	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)
 Upper incisors Front bitewing	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines Rear bitewing	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)
 Upper molars	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)

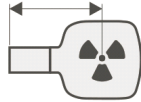









Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity F18			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)	0.125s (0.51mGy)	0.090s (0.43mGy)	0.071s (0.39mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)
 Lower molars	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)
 Upper incisors Front bitewing	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines Rear bitewing	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)
 Upper molars	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)

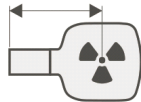









Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity F19			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)	0.140s (0.57mGy)	0.100s (0.48mGy)	0.080s (0.44mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)
 Lower molars	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)
 Upper incisors	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)
 Front bitewing	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)
Rear bitewing						
Upper molars						











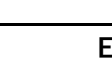

Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity F20			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)	0.160s (0.65mGy)	0.110s (0.53mGy)	0.090s (0.49mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)
 Lower molars	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)
 Upper incisors	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)
 Front bitewing	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.320s (1.77mGy)	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)
Rear bitewing						
Upper molars						














Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity  F21			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)	0.180s (0.73mGy)	0.125s (0.60mGy)	0.100s (0.55mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)
 Lower molars	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)
 Upper incisors Front bitewing	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)	0.220s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines Rear bitewing	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)
 Upper molars	0.560s (2.28mGy)	0.400s (1.92mGy)	0.360s (1.99mGy)	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)

Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity F22			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)	0.200s (0.81mGy)	0.140s (0.67mGy)	0.110s (0.60mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)
 Lower molars	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.320s (1.77mGy)	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)
 Upper incisors Front bitewing	0.400s (1.02mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines Rear bitewing	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.320s (1.77mGy)	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)
 Upper molars	0.630s (2.57mGy)	0.450s (2.17mGy)	0.400s (1.21mGy)	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)

Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity <div>F23</div>			<div>30cm (12")</div> <div></div> <div>Anode current 8 mA</div> <div></div>		
Automatic mode	<div></div>			<div></div>		
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
<div></div> <div>Lower incisors</div>	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)	0.200s (0.89mGy)	0.160s (0.77mGy)	0.125s (0.69mGy)
<div></div> <div>Premolars/ lower canines</div>	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)
<div></div> <div>Lower molars</div>	0.560s (2.28mGy)	0.400s (1.92mGy)	0.360s (1.99mGy)	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)
<div></div> <div>Upper incisors</div>	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)
<div></div> <div>Front bitewing</div>						
<div></div> <div>Premolars/ upper canines</div>	0.560s (2.28mGy)	0.400s (1.92mGy)	0.360s (1.99mGy)	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)
<div></div> <div>Rear bitewing</div>						
<div></div> <div>Upper molars</div>	0.710s (2.90mGy)	0.500s (2.41mGy)	0.450s (2.48mGy)	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)

Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity F24			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA 	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)	0.250s (1.02mGy)	0.180s (0.86mGy)	0.140s (0.77mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)
 Lower molars	0.630s (2.57mGy)	0.450s (2.17mGy)	0.400s (2.21mGy)	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)
 Upper incisors	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.200s (1.10mGy)
 Front bitewing						
 Premolars/ upper canines	0.630s (2.57mGy)	0.450s (2.17mGy)	0.400s (2.21mGy)	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.200s (1.21mGy)
Rear bitewing						
Upper molars	0.800s (3.26mGy)	0.560s (2.70mGy)	0.500s (2.76mGy)	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)

Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity F25			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)	0.280s (1.14mGy)	0.200s (0.96mGy)	0.160s (0.88mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.560s (2.28mGy)	0.400s (1.92mGy)	0.320s (1.77mGy)	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)
 Lower molars	0.710s (2.90mGy)	0.500s (2.41mGy)	0.450s (2.48mGy)	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)
 Upper incisors	0.560s (2.28mGy)	0.400s (1.92mGy)	0.320s (1.77mGy)	0.360s (1.47mGy)	0.250s (1.20mGy)	0.220s (1.21mGy)
 Front bitewing	0.710s (2.90mGy)	0.500s (2.41mGy)	0.450s (2.48mGy)	0.450s (1.83mGy)	0.320s (1.54mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines	0.900s (3.67mGy)	0.630s (3.03mGy)	0.560s (3.09mGy)	0.560s (2.28mGy)	0.400s (1.92mGy)	0.320s (1.77mGy)
 Rear bitewing						
 Upper molars						

Exposure times (Doses)	Detector sensitivity  F26			30cm (12") 	Anode current 8 mA	
Automatic mode						
Anode voltage	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV	60 kV	65 kV	70 kV
 Lower incisors	0.500 (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)	0.320s (1.30mGy)	0.220s (1.06mGy)	0.180s (0.99mGy)
 Premolars/ lower canines	0.630s (2.57mGy)	0.450s (2.17mGy)	0.360s (1.99mGy)	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)
 Lower molars	0.800s (3.26mGy)	0.560s (2.70mGy)	0.500s (2.76mGy)	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)
 Upper incisors	0.630s (2.57mGy)	0.450s (2.17mGy)	0.360s (1.99mGy)	0.400s (1.63mGy)	0.280s (1.35mGy)	0.250s (1.38mGy)
 Front bitewing	0.800s (1.54mGy)	0.560s (2.70mGy)	0.500s (2.76mGy)	0.500s (2.04mGy)	0.360s (1.73mGy)	0.280s (1.54mGy)
 Premolars/ upper canines	1.000s (4.08mGy)	0.710s (3.42mGy)	0.630s (3.48mGy)	0.630s (2.57mGy)	0.450s (2.17mGy)	0.360s (1.99mGy)
 Rear bitewing						
 Upper molars						

15. NOMINAL DOSE EMISSION VALUES TABLE

For further details on the nominal values of the doses emitted by the device, refer to the attachment “Dose declarations”.


16. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE
16.1. USER INSPECTION

These instructions describe the maintenance procedures for the x-ray unit.
These instructions apply to all versions of said equipment, as well as all the components that may have been provided, therefore the description of some parts may not correspond to your equipment.
Inspection and preventive maintenance must be performed at scheduled intervals to protect the health and safety of patients, users and other persons in accordance with national regulations regarding the use and maintenance of dental x-ray units that are in force in the country where the device is installed.
In order to ensure the operational safety and functional reliability of your product, the system owner should check the equipment at regular intervals (at least once a year) or commission an authorised technician to do so.
If one or more checks to be performed are not satisfactory, please contact your dealer for technical support.

			Answer questions with yes (√) or not (–)				
			Inspection DATE				
Step	Description	Reference in User Manual	__/__/20__	__/__/20__	__/__/20__	__/__/20__	__/__/20__
1	Check that all labels located <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - on the wall-mounted cover, - on the x-ray tube - inside the collimator/s, are intact, correctly applied and readable. 	Section Identification nameplates					
2	Check there are no external damages to the equipment, which may reduce protection against radiation.	Section Description of the x-ray unit					
3	Check the battery level of the wireless remote control.	Section Operation of control handheld					
4	Check the remote control functionality: buttons must respond to interaction	Section Use of control handheld					
5	Check the power switch verifying that the switch is working properly and the main switch green light switches on when the switch is in the ON position.	Section Turning the x-ray unit on and off					
6	Check the electromechanical brake that lock/unlock the movement of the generator – ball joint model units only	Section Ball joint technology					
7	Check proper functioning of x-ray generator indicator light – ball joint model units only	Section Type of x-ray unit					
8	Check the exposure buzzer during a trial x-rays emission	Section Performing the exposure					
9	Verify that exposure is immediately interrupted when x-ray button is released	Section Performing the exposure					
10	Check the scissors arm balance	Section Description of the x-ray unit					
11	Verify that exposure is immediately interrupted when x-ray button is released	Section Performing the exposure					
12	Check the x-ray generator functionality performing a complete trial exposure. Select any exposure time and hold down the emission button throughout the entire exam procedure. Absence of error messages assures proper generator functionality.	Section Using the x-ray unit					

Operator Name					
Signature					

The undersigned confirms that the equipment was checked for the above criteria and that, in case of any malfunction, an authorised technician of the local dealer was informed.

 All inspection and maintenance work performed by the system owner and/or service engineer must be recorded in this document and kept near the unit!

16.2. TECHNICAL MAINTENANCE

These instructions describe the maintenance procedures for the x-ray unit. These instructions apply to all versions of said equipment.
In order to ensure the operational safety and functional reliability of the equipment installed, **at least once** a year an authorised service technician must perform a full inspection of the device.
When taking measurements that require a multimeter, always use a calibrated digital multimeter.
All the following tests will be carried out. Customer should be notified prior to replacing any parts.

			Answer questions with yes (✓) or not (–)				
			Inspection DATE				
Step	Description	Reference in User Manual	__/__/20__	__/__/20__	__/__/20__	__/__/20__	__/__/20__
1	Check that all labels located <ul style="list-style-type: none">- on the wall-mounted cover,- on the x-ray tube- inside the collimator/s, are intact, correctly applied and readable.	User Manual, Section Identification nameplates					
2	Check there are no external damages to the equipment, which may reduce protection against radiation.	User Manual, Section Description of the x-ray unit					
3	Pull out the collimator and panel stop ring, take off the screw cover caps and loosen the screws that secure the lower cover. Check there is no oil leakage on the tube-head.	Technical manual, section Replacement of x-ray unit control base board					
4	Check the electromechanical brake that locks/unlocks the movement of the generator and adjust it if necessary – ball joint model units only	Technical Manual, section Actuator unit adjustment					
5	Power off the unit and remove the wall mounting cover. Disconnect the unit from the main power supply and check the condition of the main power supply cable. Replace it in case of damage. Connect it back making sure the safety ground is securely connected. Install the wall-mounted cover back again.	Technical Manual, section Wall-mounted plate wiring connection					
6	Check the battery level of the wireless remote control.	User manual, section Operation of control handheld					
7	Check the remote control functionality: buttons must respond to interaction	User manual, section Use of control handheld					
8	Check the power switch verifying that the switch is working properly and the main switch green light switches on when the switch is in the ON position.	User Manual, section Switching the X-ray system on and off					
9	Check proper functioning of x-ray generator indicator light – ball joint model units only	User Manual, section Type of x-ray unit					
10	Check the exposure buzzer during a trial x-rays emission	User Manual, Section Performing the exposure					
11	Verify that exposure is immediately interrupted when x-ray button is released	User Manual, Section Performing the exposure					
12	Check the scissors arm balance and adjust it if necessary	Technical Manual, section Fitting the double pantograph arm					
13	Perform a calibration of the x-ray tube housing	Technical manual, section User and technician configuration menu					

Operator Name					
Signature					

The undersigned confirms that the equipment was checked for the above criteria and that it was provided in optimal operating conditions.

 All inspection and maintenance work performed by the system owner and/or service engineer must be recorded in this document and kept near the unit!



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